

Building capacity in community-based organizations to strengthen the Response to the COVID-19 pandemic in underserved communities

Learning Collaborative

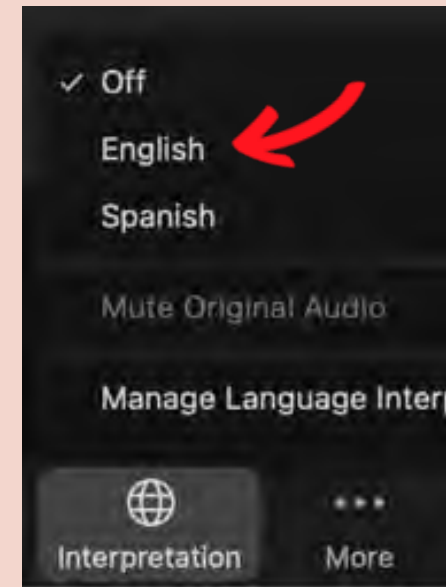
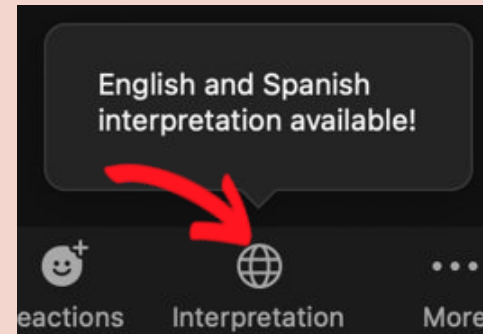
April 20, 2023



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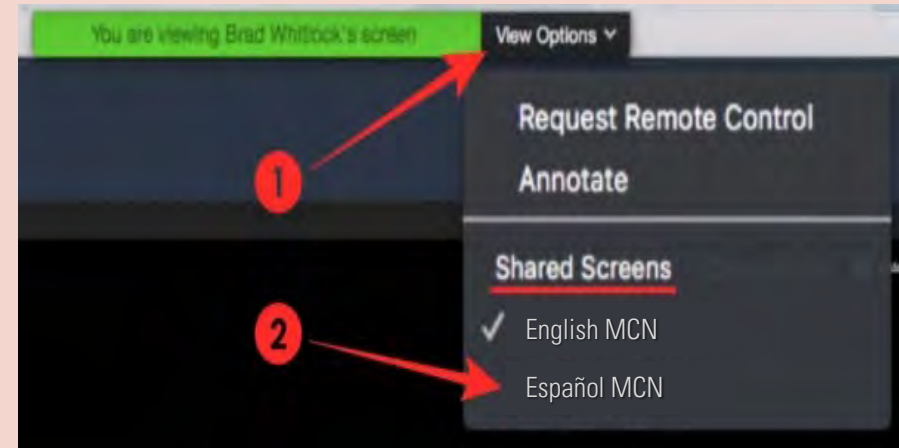
Using Zoom Interpretation Function

- Find the globe icon at the bottom of your Zoom screen
- If using the Zoom app on your phone, look for the “more” option and “language interpretation”
- Click the globe and select “English”



Selecting your preferred viewing screen in Zoom

- At the top (center) of your screen you will click the “View Options” tab
- In the drop-down menu, please select the desired screen



Meet our **MON** team



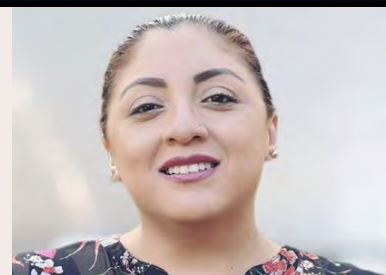
Amy Liebman

Chief Program Officer: Workers, Environment and Climate



Dr. Laszlo Madaras

Chief Medical Officer



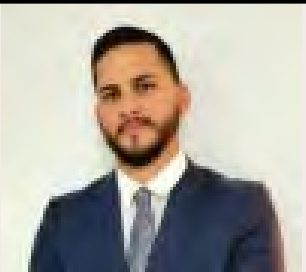
Renée AboAmshe

Program Manager



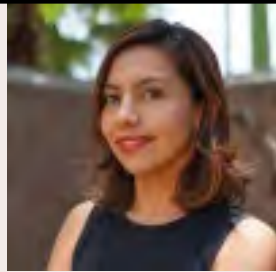
Esther Rojas

Project Coordinator



Noel Hernández Otero

Evaluation Specialist



Kari González Rico

Program Associate



Marysel Pagán Santana

Director of Environmental and Occupational Health



Alma Galvan

Director of Community Engagement and Worker Training

Meet our **M_CON** team



Dina Gonzalez

Project Associate



Danitza Roman

Environmental and Occupational
Health Intern



Anibal Lopez Correa

Data and Evaluation Specialist



Martha Alvarado

Program Manager, Online Education
and Evaluation



Noel Dufrene

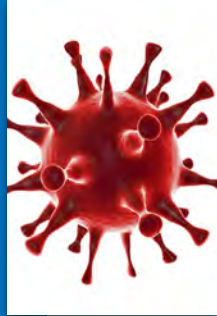
Communications Program Manager



Giovanni Lopez-Quezada

Communications and Graphic
Designer

Learning Objectives



Identify the current status of COVID-19 in the US and its impact on migrant and immigrant communities

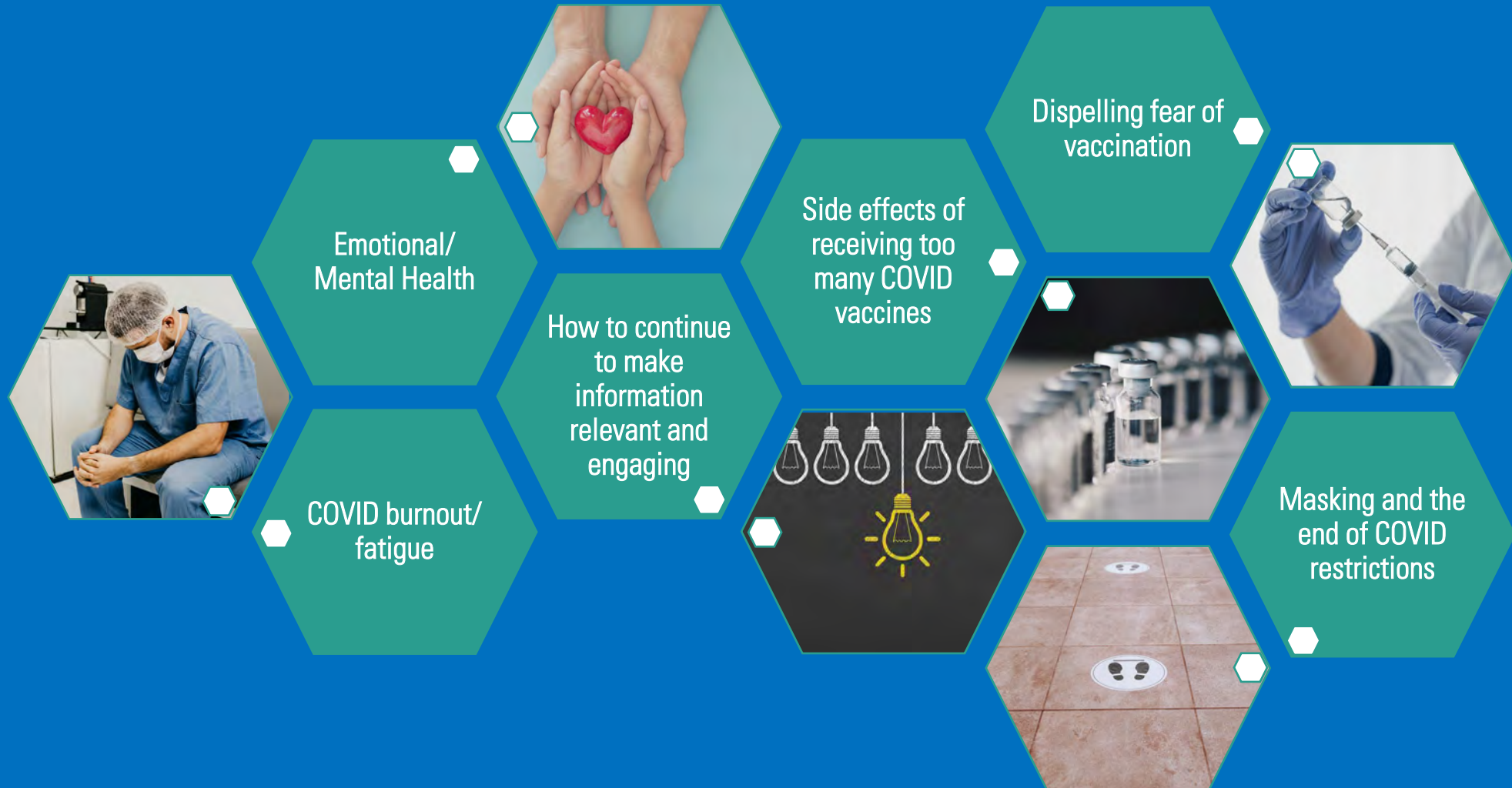


Facilitate peer-to-peer learning between community-based organizations and encourage resource sharing



Share culturally appropriate educational materials and resources to support continued efforts against the spread of COVID-19

“Are there COVID-19 related concerns in your community or something about COVID that is affecting your community and that you would like us to address?”

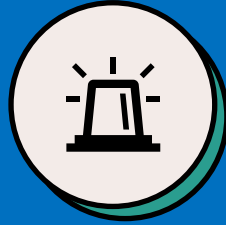


Agenda



COVID-19 Clinical Update

Dr. Laszlo Madaras

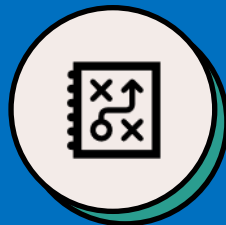


End of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency

Amy Liebman



Questions and Answers



Resource Corner

Esther Rojas



Session Pulse Check

Complete a session check and close out

COVID-19 Clinical Update



Laszlo Madaras, MD, MPH, FAFP, SFHM
Chief Medical Officer



2nd Bivalent Booster: “Who needs another?”

- The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved a 2nd bivalent booster from Moderna and Pfizer on Tuesday, April 18
 - Over 65 years old
 - Immunocompromised
- Why another booster for some?
 - Approximately 1300 deaths in US weekly
 - Vaccine protection wanes after 5-6 months





Immunocompromised and Elderly

- Comorbidities increase with age and immune system is weakened
- Latest CDC data shows vaccine protection wanes among elderly after 4-5 months
- 75.5% of COVID deaths are 65 and up
- Risk of severe infection and death dramatically declines with vaccination
 - Even for the elderly



“What about younger people?”

- Younger, healthier people are staying out of the hospital due to:
 - Hybrid immunity
 - Less likely to have comorbidities
 - Have a more robust immune system
- Younger people still need to be vaccinated

What is a Bivalent Booster?

- ✓ “A little of the old and a little of the new”
- ✓ Omicron-specific
- ✓ Anyone who received a booster September 2022 and after received a bivalent booster



FDA Vaccine Updates

Immunocompromised

- 5 years and up
- Already received 1 bivalent dose can receive a 2nd dose
- 2 months after 1st bivalent booster
- Additional bivalent doses as needed, 2 months

Age 65 and up

- Already received 1 bivalent dose can receive a 2nd dose
- 4 months after 1st bivalent booster

FDA Vaccine Updates

Primary series + Bivalent booster

- Not currently eligible for an additional bivalent dose
- May change in the future (Fall 2023)

Unvaccinated

- May receive a single bivalent dose instead of multiple doses of the monovalent mRNA COVID-19 vaccine

Primary series but no bivalent booster

- May still receive a single dose of the bivalent vaccine

FDA Vaccine Updates: Children

Unvaccinated Children

- 6 months to 5 years old
- May receive 2 bivalent doses of Moderna OR
- May receive 3 bivalent doses of Pfizer bivalent vaccine

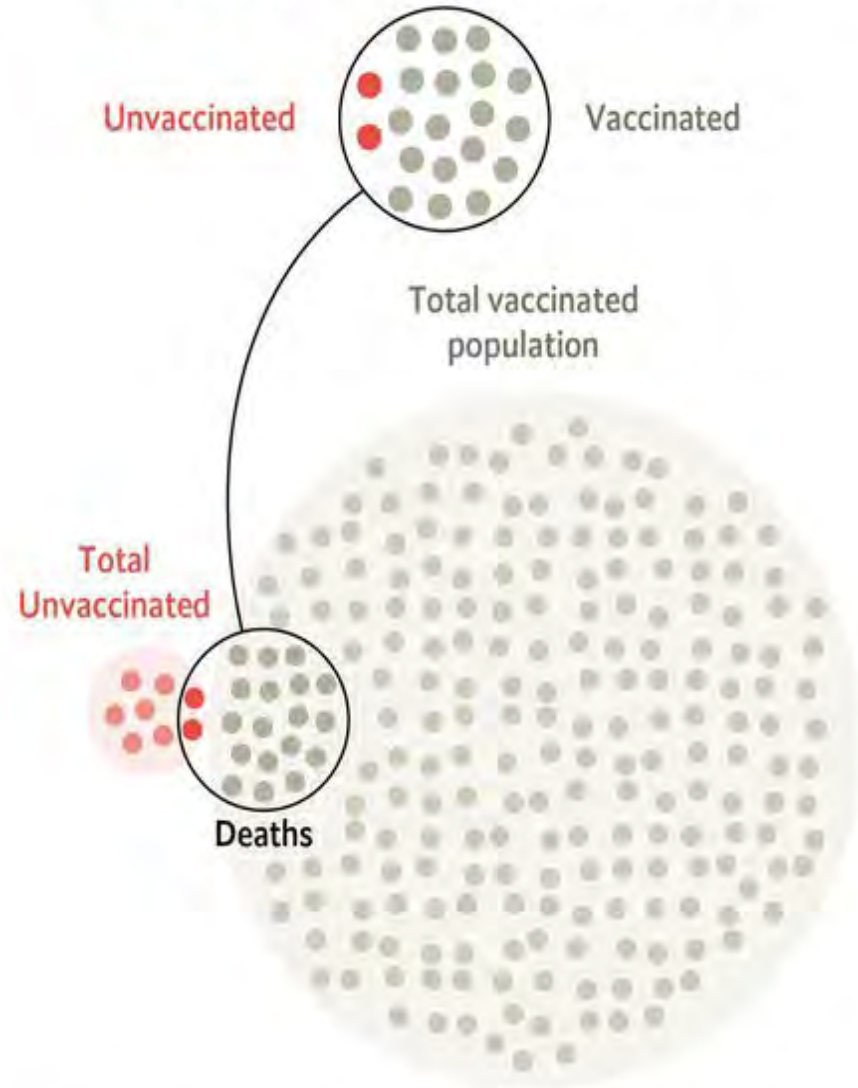
Vaccinated Children

- Those 6 months to 5 years who have received 1, 2, or 3 monovalent COVID-19 vaccines
- May receive a bivalent vaccine but the number of doses will depend on the vaccine + vaccination history

Risks vs. Benefits of Vaccination

- 95% of those age 65+ in the US have at least 2 doses
- Most COVID-19 related deaths are those 65+ and who are vaccinated
- While this sounds like a risk, it is a 90% reduction in death compared to those unvaccinated

In some places, vaccinated people now account for a majority of covid-19 deaths



But compared with their share of the overall population, vaccinated people die at a far lower rate

Risks vs. Benefits of Vaccination

- For adolescent males, the risk of myocarditis continues to be a rare but real risk
- Serious case of myocarditis is still more likely from COVID infection



End of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency



Amy Liebman, MPA, MA
Chief Program Officer: Workers, Environment and
Climate

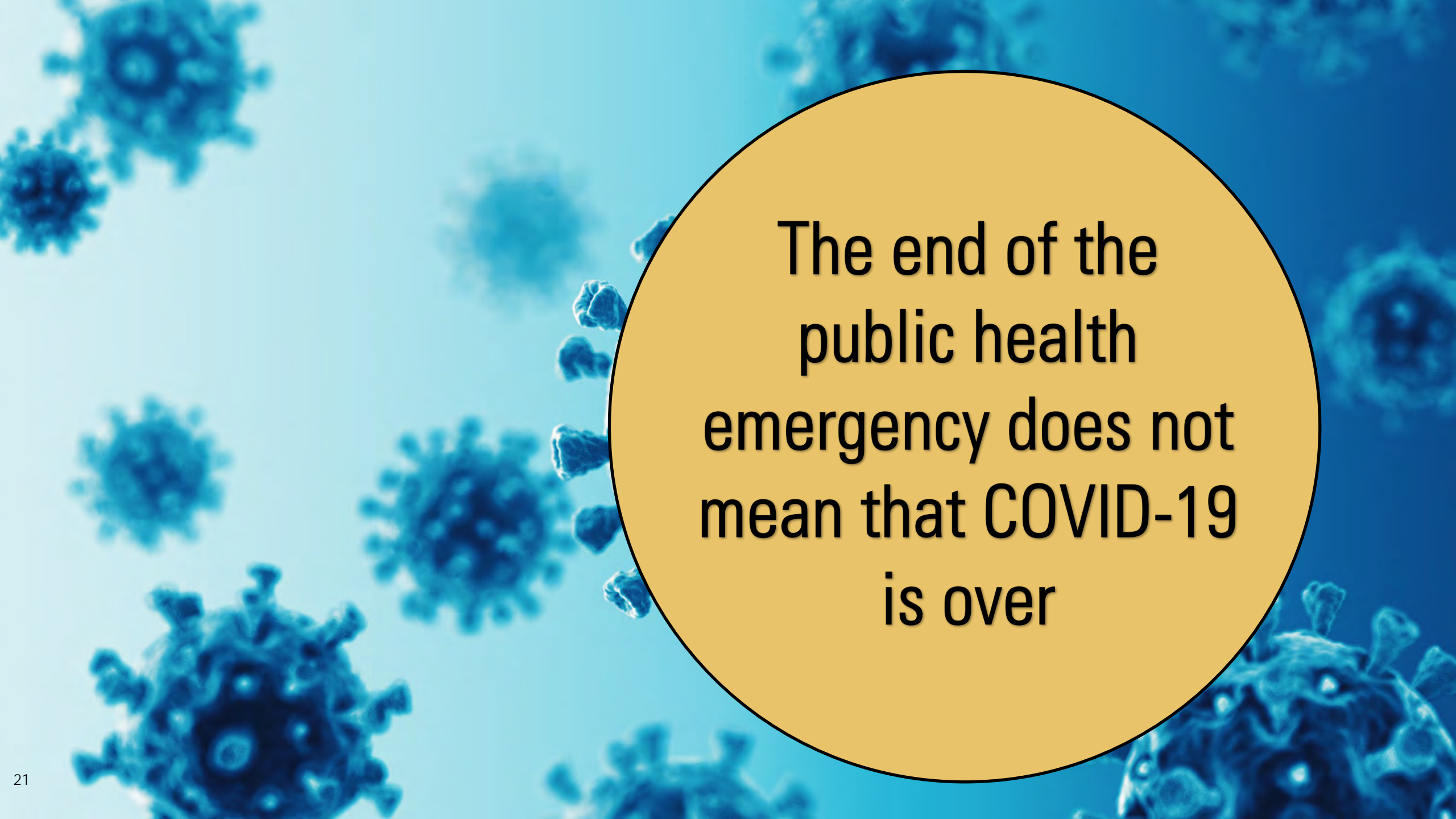


National Public Health Emergency

- Ends May 11, 2023

National COVID-19 Emergency

- Ended April 10, 2023

The background of the slide is a light blue color with several dark blue, stylized virus particles scattered across it. These particles have a spherical shape with a central core and a textured, spiky outer layer, resembling coronaviruses. A large, semi-transparent yellow circle is centered on the right side of the slide, containing the main text.

The end of the
public health
emergency does not
mean that COVID-19
is over



National Public Health Emergency

- Allowed millions to receive Medicaid, the state and federally funded health coverage program for low-income individuals and families
- Allowed for government funding to provide all individuals with free COVID-19 vaccines, tests, and some treatments for COVID-19 illness
- Allowed for increase funding and gave way for vaccination development and research



What will end?

- We no longer have this pot of funds for testing, vaccination, and some treatments
- Some critical changes will happen state-to-state
 - End to continuous Medicaid re-enrollment
- Deepen the divide between uninsured and insured
- Terminates Title 42
- Decrease in SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program) benefits



How to Support Refugee, Immigrant, and Migrant Communities Before and After the End of the Public Health Emergency

Thursday, April 20, 2023
12:30 PM (PT) / 2:30 PM (CT) / 3:30 PM (ET)

On May 11, 2023, the public health emergency (PHE) will expire, and many will see changes in COVID-19 healthcare costs, insurance coverage and renewals, and food benefits. These changes are likely to disproportionately impact some refugee, immigrant, and migrant (RIM) communities.

Join this webinar where panelists from the Migrant Clinicians Network and the International Rescue Committee discuss how the end of the PHE is likely to impact RIM communities and steps to take before May 11 to support RIM community members.

[Register Here](#)

The background is a vibrant teal color, densely populated with numerous speech bubbles of various colors including red, yellow, pink, and white. Each speech bubble contains a large, dark blue question mark. The bubbles are scattered across the frame, creating a pattern of inquiry. In the center, a larger, white speech bubble with rounded corners contains the word "Questions?" in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

Questions?

Resource Corner

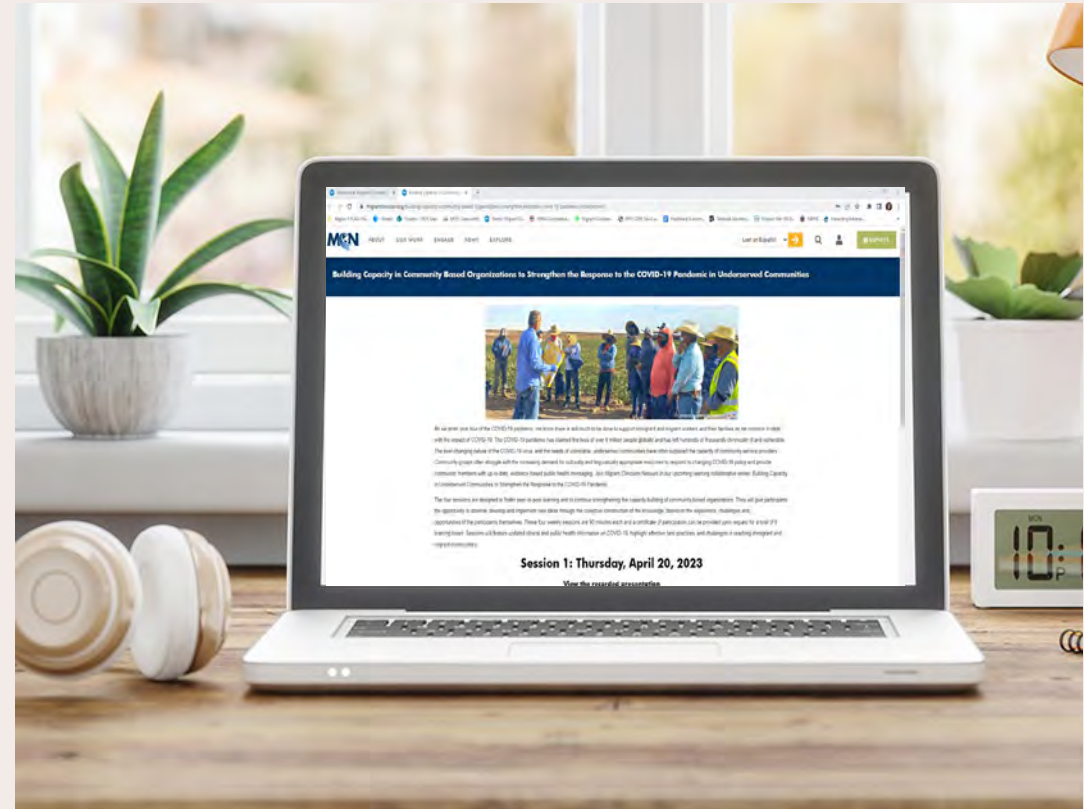


Esther Rojas
Project Coordinator



Building Capacity Archive

Link: <https://www.migrantclinician.org/building-capacity-community-based-organizations-strengthen-response-covid-19-pandemic-underserved>



Recordings, Resources, and More!



What's the End of the Public Health Emergency for COVID-19?

The U.S. President has ordered an end to the programs and aid related to the COVID-19 pandemic on May 11, 2023



This affects migrant workers because vaccines, tests and treatment for COVID-19 will no longer be free.



Remember, vaccination will still be required even after the end of the health emergency.

How can we prepare ourselves?

- ✓ If you haven't been vaccinated or got the bivalent booster, **get vaccinated!**
- ✓ Stay informed!
- ✓ Verify the information you have received before sharing it to other people to prevent disinformation.
- ✓ Get free tests before the end of the health emergency.
- ✓ Protect against Covid-19 by:
 - Washing your hands often
 - Getting vaccinated
 - Wearing a mask
 - Keeping a safe distance from others
- ✓ Take a COVID-19 test at home if you have symptoms or were exposed.
- ✓ Know your rights in relation to COVID-19 at work.



Get vaccinated!



For more information about the end of the public health emergency and COVID-19, visit Migrant Clinicians Network.

What's the End of the Public Health Emergency for COVID-19?

- ✓ New resource available in English and Spanish
- ✓ Ready to print or download and share
- ✓ Highlights the key steps in continued prevention of COVID-19 spread and infection








Link: <https://www.migrantclinician.org/resource/whats-end-public-health-emergency-covid-19.html>



Updates to Bivalent COVID-19 Vaccine Eligibility

On April 18, 2023, the FDA authorized the current bivalent vaccines to be used for all doses administered to individuals 6 months of age and older.

This resource shows who is now eligible to receive the bivalent COVID-19 vaccine:

Who can receive the COVID-19 bivalent vaccine?	Bivalent Vaccine Eligibility
 People 65 and older + 1 Bivalent Booster	1 dose of the bivalent vaccine 4 months after first dose, optional
 People with weakened immune systems + 1 Bivalent Booster	1 dose of the bivalent vaccine 2 months after first dose, optional Additional bivalent doses as needed
 Unvaccinated	1 dose of the bivalent vaccine
 Primary Series + No Bivalent Booster	1 dose of the bivalent vaccine
 Primary Series + 1 Bivalent Booster	Not eligible for an additional dose.
 Unvaccinated Children 6 months – 5 years	2 doses of the Moderna bivalent vaccine or 3 doses of the Pfizer-BioNTech bivalent vaccine
 Vaccinated Children 6 months – 5 years	The number of doses of the bivalent vaccine depends on the brand and the child's vaccination history.



For more information and resources, visit www.migrantclinician.org

Last revised: 4/20/23

Updates to Bivalent COVID-19 Vaccine Eligibility | RESOURCE

- ✓ New resource available in English and Spanish
- ✓ Ready to print or download and share
- ✓ Can be edited to include your logo and contact information

Link: <https://www.migrantclinician.org/resource/updates-bivalent-covid-19-vaccine-eligibility.html>



FAQ: COVID-19 and Migrant, Immigrant, and Food & Farm Worker Patients

Available in English & Spanish!

Visit migrantclinician.org/COVID19-FAQ



MCN's FAQ has
been recognized by
the Digital Health
Awards.

Session Pulse Check

Link: [https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=NxtH
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BGroBv3Zlnks9UQTJHSjBBNTkzTkxZUUIPR1hGUK9EME5FTi4u](https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=NxtH
Htibck6Zgif1TJY38hGOu3d_o-
BGroBv3Zlnks9UQTJHSjBBNTkzTkxZUUIPR1hGUK9EME5FTi4u)

Building Capacity in Communities
to Strengthen the Response to the
COVID-19 Pandemic



Thank you!

Our next session:

April 27, 2023

2:00 PM ET/ 1:00 PM CT/

12:00 PM PT

